

### A brief overview

...on what it takes to become an interesting circular investment and why this is important to know



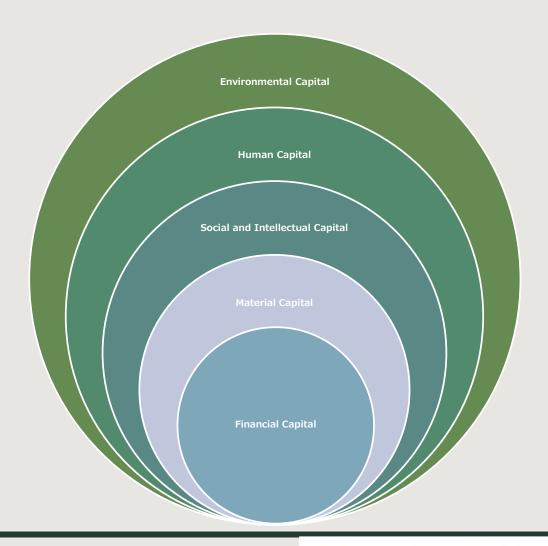
#### A new way of understanding value

Traditionally, investors have had one duty – to make the greatest possible return on capital for their shareholders. This model is outdated.

It brought us to over-consumption of resources, biodiversity loss and to the brink of climate disaster.

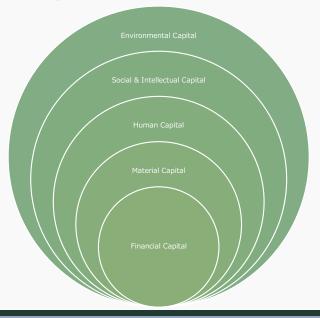


We are living
off our capital
- with zero
interest rate





# Regenerative rather than exploitative



- We need a new way of understanding value and returns that looks beyond the short-term and drives resources towards scalable solutions.
- Circular Innovation is the best tool we currently have for this
- Trillions of euros and dollars in so-called 'green' funds, waiting for sustainable, climate-focused investing

So how to become a sustainable investment?



#### Europe's agenda for sustainable growth

Changing how we produce and consume: the New Circular Economy
Action Plan shows the way to a climate-neutral, competitive economy of empowered consumers

Measures along the entire life cycle of products, will make EU economy fit for a green future, strengthen competitiveness while protecting the environment and give new rights to consumers.



Sustainable Finance:
the process of taking due
account of environmental,
social and governance
(ESG) considerations when
making investment
decisions in the financial
sector

Bound to lead to increased longer-term investments into sustainable economic activities and projects:

**Environmental considerations**: climate change mitigation and adaptation, preservation of biodiversity, pollution prevention and circular economy.

**Social considerations:** inequality, inclusiveness, labour relations, investment in human capital and communities, as well as human rights issues.





#### EU's Financing Sustainable Growth Strategy

Reorienting capital flows towards a more sustainable economy (a.o.):

- Fostering investment in sustainable projects
- Mainstreaming sustainability into risk management
- Fostering transparency and long-termism by strengthening sustainability disclosure and accounting rule-making
- Establishing a classification system for sustainable activities – EU Taxonomy



## **EU Taxonomy**

- A regulatory classification system under which companies may define which of their economic activities are environmentally sustainable
- A list of economic activities with performance criteria for their contribution to six environmental objectives



#### **Environmental objectives**

- 1. Climate change mitigation
- 2. Climate change adaptation
- 3. Sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources
- 4. Transition to a circular economy, waste prevention and recycling
- 5. Pollution prevention and control
- 6. Protection of healthy ecosystems

#### Comply with all three

- Substantially contribute to at least one of the six environmental objectives
- Do no significant harm to any of the other five environmental objecties
- Comply with minimum safeguards





### How can the Taxonomy be used by investors?

- Expressing investment preferences
- Selecting holdings
- Designing green financial products
- Measuring the environmental performance of a security or product
- Engaging with investees





The best way to predict your future is to create it.

Abraham Lincoln



# THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

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